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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revised on / Version: 20.11.2012 / 0004
Replaces revision of / Version: 19.01.2011 / 0003
Valid from: 20.11.2012
PDF print date: 21.11.2012
WD-40 Specialist™ High Performance White Lithium Grease

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

WD-40 Specialist™ High Performance White Lithium Grease

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Lubricant

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

WD40 Company Limited UK, PO Box 440 , Kiln Farm, Milton Keynes, MK11 3LF
Telephone 01908 555400, Fax 01908 266900
info@wd40.co.uk

E-mail address of the competent person: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

Tel.: +49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (WDC)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Not determined

2.1.2 Classification according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments)

F+, Extremely flammable

Xi, Irritant, R38

N, Dangerous for the environment, R51-53

Xn, Harmful, R65

R67

2.2 Label elements

2.2.1 Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Not determined

2.2.2 Labeling according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments)

Symbols: F+/Xi/N

Indications of danger:

Extremely flammable

Irritant

Dangerous for the environment

R-phrases:

38 Irritating to skin.

51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.



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S-phrases:
 23 Do not breathe vapour/spray.
 24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
 29/35 Do not empty into drains
 dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.
 46 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
 51 Use only in well-ventilated areas.
 61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

Additions:
 Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.
 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
 Keep out of the reach of children.
 Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.
 The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.
 Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

REGULATION (EC) No 648/2004

n.a.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	649-328-00-1
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	265-151-9
CAS	CAS 64742-49-0
content %	25-30
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Highly flammable, F, R11 Irritant, Xi, R38 Dangerous for the environment, N, R51 Dangerous for the environment, R53 Harmful, Xn, R65 R67
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	649-422-00-2
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	265-149-8
CAS	CAS 64742-47-8
content %	1-5
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Flammable, R10 Harmful, Xn, R65
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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For the text of the R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

Ingestion

Typically no exposure pathway.
Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.
Do not induce vomiting - give copious water to drink. Consult doctor immediately.
Danger of aspiration

In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritation of the eyes
Irritation of the respiratory tract
Coughing
Headaches
Dizziness
Effects/damages the central nervous system
Unconsciousness
With long-term contact:
Drying of the skin.
Dermatitis (skin inflammation)
Ingestion:
Nausea
Vomiting
Danger of aspiration
Oedema of the lungs
chemical pneumonitis (condition similar to pneumonia)
Other dangerous properties cannot be ruled out.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Gastric lavage (stomach washing) only under endotracheal intubation.
Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.
Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

CO₂
Exinction powder
Water jet spray
Alcohol resistant foam
Cool container at risk with water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:
Oxides of carbon
Toxic gases

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Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated
Explosive vapour/air mixture

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
Protective respirator with independent air supply.
According to size of fire
Full protection, if necessary
Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
Ensure sufficient supply of air.
Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
If applicable, caution - risk of slipping

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.
If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.
Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.
Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
Avoid inhalation of the vapours.
Avoid contact with eyes or skin.
Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
Take measures against electrostatic charging, if appropriate.
Do not use on hot surfaces.
Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
Store product closed and only in original packing.
Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.
Observe special regulations for aerosols!
Store cool
Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
Store in a well ventilated place.
Observe special storage conditions (in Germany, e.g., in accordance with the regulations in the "Betriebssicherheitsverordnung").

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):
400 mg/m³

Chemical Name	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		Content %: 25-30
WEL-TWA: 350 mg/m ³ (cyclohexane)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		Content %: 1-5
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m ³ (>= C7 normal and branched chain alkanes)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Butane		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m ³)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m ³)	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Isobutane		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Propane		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.

Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.

Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:

With danger of contact with eyes.

Tight fitting protective goggles with side protection (EN 166).

Skin protection - Hand protection:

Normally not necessary.

with long-term contact:

If applicable

Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)

Protective gloves made of polyvinyl alcohol (EN 374)

Protective Viton gloves (EN 374)

Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:

Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:
 Normally not necessary.
 If OES or MEL is exceeded.
 Filter A2 P2 (EN 14387), code colour brown, white
 At high concentrations:
 Respiratory protection appliance (insulation device) (e.g. EN 137 or EN 138)
 Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
 Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
 In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
 Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
 Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
 Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
 In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
 The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol, Substance: Liquid
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	n.a.
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	Not determined
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	Not determined
Upper explosive limit:	Not determined
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	Not determined
Bulk density:	Not determined
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	<7 mm ² /s (Liquid concentrate)
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. Possible build up of explosive/highly flammable vapour/air mixture.
Oxidising properties:	No

9.2 Other information

Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

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10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

WD-40 Specialist™ High Performance White Lithium Grease						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Respiratory tract irritation:						n.d.a.
Repeated dose toxicity:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Irritant
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitizing
Aspiration hazard:						Yes

Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							n.d.a.
Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	IC50	96h	1-<10	mg/l			
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	2,5	mg/l	(Pimephales promelas)		Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to daphnia:	IC50	48h	1-<10	mg/l			
Toxicity to algae:	IC50	72h	1-<10	mg/l			
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		4-5,1				
Water solubility:							Insoluble

Butane

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Propane

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,28				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1 Waste treatment methods****For the substance / mixture / residual amounts**

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2001/118/EC, 2001/119/EC, 2001/573/EC)

07 06 04 other organic solvents, washing liquids and mother liquors

Recommendation:

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

Recycling

15 01 04 metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transport information

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General statements

UN number: 1950

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name:

UN 1950 AEROSOLS

Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

Packing group: -

Classification code: 5F

LQ (ADR 2011): 1 L

LQ (ADR 2009): 2

Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous

Tunnel restriction code: D



Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name:

AEROSOLS (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT)

Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

Packing group: -

EmS: F-D, S-U

Marine Pollutant: Yes

Environmental hazards: environmentally hazardous



Transport by air (IATA)

UN proper shipping name:

Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es): 2.1

Packing group: -

Environmental hazards: Not applicable



Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.

All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.

Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Freighted as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.

Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.

Danger code and packing code on request.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions: Yes

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

VOC (1999/13/EC): ~ 90,8 - 91,3% w/w

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

EU F0056

Revised sections: 2, 3, 4, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16

The following statements are the indicated R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP) for the ingredients (listed in Section 3).

10 Flammable.

11 Highly flammable.

38 Irritating to skin.

51 Toxic to aquatic organisms.

51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Flam. Liq.-Flammable liquid

Skin Irrit.-Skin irritation

Aquatic Chronic-Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

Asp. Tox.-Aspiration hazard

STOT SE-Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - narcotic effects

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories

acc., acc. to according, according to

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level

AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds

approx. approximately

Art., Art. no. Article number

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)

BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)

BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)

BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)

BOD Biochemical oxygen demand

BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum

bw body weight

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service

CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques

CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)

CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic

COD Chemical oxygen demand

CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association

DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

DOC Dissolved organic carbon

DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration

DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)

dw dry weight

e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance

EC European Community

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

EEA European Economic Area

EEC European Economic Community

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

EN European Norms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)

ERC Environmental Release Categories

ES Exposure scenario

etc. et cetera

EU European Union

- EWC European Waste Catalogue
- Fax. Fax number
- gen. general
- GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- GWP Global warming potential
- HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
- HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- IATA International Air Transport Association
- IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
- IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
- IC Inhibitory concentration
- IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- incl. including, inclusive
- IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
- LC lethal concentration
- LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
- LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
- LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
- LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
- LDLo Lethal Dose Low
- LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
- LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
- LQ Limited Quantities
- MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
- n.a. not applicable
- n.av. not available
- n.c. not checked
- n.d.a. no data available
- NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
- NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
- NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
- NOEL No Observed Effect Level
- ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
- OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
- org. organic
- PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
- PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PC Chemical product category
- PE Polyethylene
- PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
- POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
- ppm parts per million
- PROC Process category
- PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
- REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
- REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
- RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
- SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
- SAR Structure Activity Relationship
- SU Sector of use
- SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
- Tel. Telephone
- ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
- TOC Total organic carbon
- TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
- VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
- VOC Volatile organic compounds

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WD-40 Specialist™ High Performance White Lithium Grease

vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative

WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).

WHO World Health Organization

wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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